

ABOUT STATE PUBLIC HEALTH

State health agencies are working across the country to actively protect the public's health, prevent avoidable diseases and conditions, and promote healthy communities.

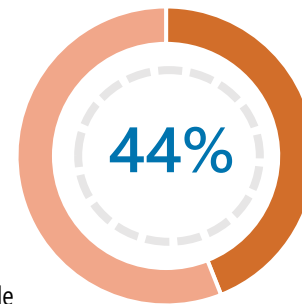
In 2013, Minnesota increased the tax on cigarettes by \$1.60 per pack.

Since then, smoking has decreased by one third among Minnesota's 11th graders and 10% among adults.

astho 75 years 1942 - 2017 #75ways

See more public health successes at: my.astho.org/75ways

FEDERAL FUNDS (FY15)



Source: ASTHO 2017 Profile

IMPACT OF POTENTIAL CUTS TO FEDERAL FUNDING



Reducing the ability of individuals to lead healthy lives and contribute to their local communities and economies including protecting our country



Reduced ability to respond to environmental health threats putting communities at risk for health hazards



Reduced capacity to respond to public health emergencies putting more people at risk of harm due to natural disasters and health threats due to terrorism



Reduced capacity to work with other government agencies to address broad health issues and health threats that require a collaborative approach



Fewer opportunities to partner with community-led organizations that work on programs that increase the impact of public health programs such as housing or transportation related issues

Source: Minnesota Department of Health

FEDERAL FUNDING SOURCES (FY15)

Agency	Percent of agency budget	Revenue
CDC	23.6%	\$56,188,894.26
HRSA	6.6%	\$15,713,843.31
USDA	51.6%	\$122,853,684.06
All other	18.2%	\$43,332,113.37

Source: ASTHO 2017 Profile

TOP 5 HEALTH AGENCY PRIORITIES

- 1 Health equity
- 2 Data
- 3 Mental well-being
- 4 Public health capacity
- 5 Informatics and communications

Source: ASTHO 2017 Profile

CDC 2018 FEDERAL OPIOID OVERDOSE CRISIS FUNDING

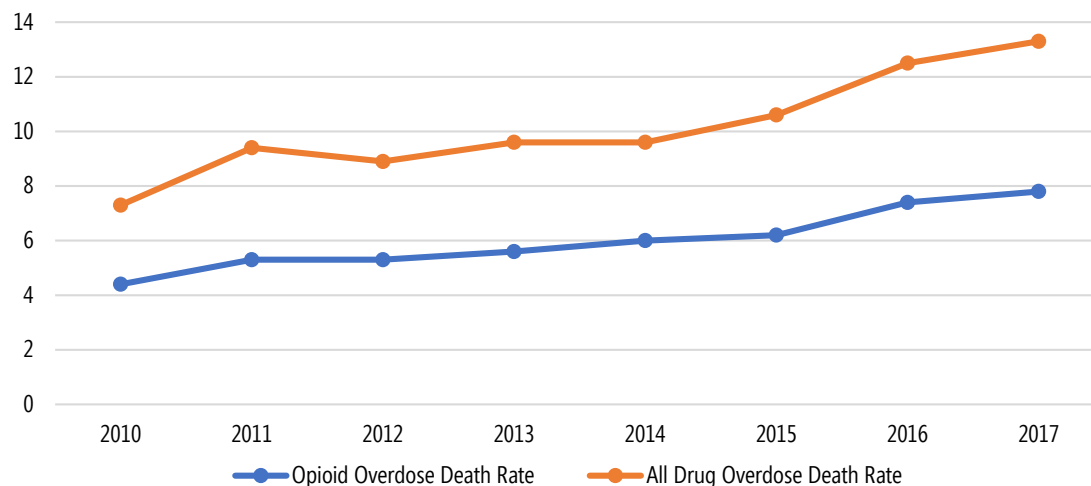
Year 1 (FY18) \$3,130,158.00

This funding will support Minnesota in working to prevent opioid-related overdoses, deaths, and other outcomes. It will advance the understanding of the epidemic and scale-up prevention and response activities, including improving the timeliness of data. Specifically:

- Improve access to prevention, treatment, and recovery services
- Target availability and distribution of overdose-reducing drugs
- Provide support for cutting edge research on pain and addiction
- Advance better practices for pain management

OPIOID STATISTICS

MN: Overdose Death Rates per 100,000 Population (Age-Adjusted)



Source: Kaiser Family Foundation's State Health Facts

UNITED HEALTH FOUNDATION RANK



Strengths:

- Low cardiovascular death rate
- Low percentage of uninsured population
- Low prevalence of frequent mental distress

Areas for Improvement:

- Low immunization coverage among children
- High prevalence of excessive drinking
- High incidence of pertussis

Source: America's Health Rankings, 2018 Annual Report



Advancing
public health
performance



Accredited public health department.